Appendix

Summary of the Available Guidelines for the Remote Provision of Psychological Services

This table is a summary of the available guidelines for the remote provision of psychological services. All documents have recommended compliance with the guidelines and ethical codes defined by the Psychology-related associations for the practice of in-person psychological services when providing remote services.

| Categories | Subcategories | Summary of the guidelines |
|----------------|-----------------------------|---|
| | 1. Clients' identity check | To verify the client's information (e.g., name, location, and contacts), |
| | | through citizenship cards, smart cards, IP address, and phone calls. |
| | 2. Credentials provision | All relevant information about healthcare professionals shall be available |
| | | (name, credentials, areas of expertise, contact information, etc.), namely on |
| | | professional websites. |
| Administrative | | The usability of professional websites should be previously assessed. |
| Skills | | To limit the provision of services to geographic areas where they are |
| | | authorized to work. |
| | 3. Privacy, data management | To store an electronic record with the most relevant data about the |
| | and storage | therapeutic process of each client (e.g., client's information, informed |
| | | consent, contingency plan, etc.). |
| | | To fulfill the governmental and professional guidelines. |

| | | To ensure privacy, confidentiality, and security of the information (e.g., |
|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | encryption, firewall, IT maintenance protocols, protocols for data disposal, |
| | | etc.). |
| | 4. Billing | To present all costs prior to the beginning of the therapeutic process. |
| | | To consider the monthly costs with the use of secure platforms when |
| | | defining the price per session. |
| | | To use secure platforms during payments and the verification of information. |
| | 5. Healthcare Insurance | To inform themselves about the insurance coverage of technology-mediated |
| | | psychological services. |
| | | To fulfill all regulations and policies of healthcare insurance companies. |
| | | To keep the liability insurance updated. |
| | | To be acquainted with and fulfill the ethical code and all the guidelines, |
| Ethics and | | policies, and legislations that apply to both regions (professional and client). |
| | | To ensure their competence to provide this type of service. |
| Legislation | | To ensure that informed consent is signed before the provision of the |
| | | service. |
| | | To recognize the cultural specificities of each client and that their needs |
| Multicultural | | depend on different factors. |
| Competence | | To know the cultures and contexts of their clients. |
| | | To use tools that are available and accepted by each client. |
| | | |

| | | To consider the need for a translator or to refer the case to other |
|---------------|---------------------------|--|
| | | professionals. |
| | | To respect the instructions and rules of administration of the instruments. |
| | | To use instruments validated for remote application. |
| | | To evaluate the viability of this modality according to the profile of each |
| | | client. |
| | | To ensure that they have the necessary skills and training to conduct it. |
| | | To discuss the specificities and limitations of this type of assessment with |
| Assessment | | the client. |
| | | To arrange with the client the necessary setup to conduct the assessment ar |
| | | assess the conditions prior to the first assessment session. |
| | | To keep a detailed record of all technological and technical issues |
| | | experienced during the assessment. |
| | | To include a statement about the use of this assessment modality and its |
| | | potential impact on the results in the psychological evaluation report. |
| | 1. Adequacy of remote- | To consider the personal characteristics of the client (e.g., age, physical and |
| Psychotherapy | delivered psychological | cognitive abilities, etc.), their access to technology, digital literacy, barriers |
| | services to the client's | to access healthcare services, and proximity to healthcare facilities. |
| | profile | |
| | 2. Therapeutic boundaries | To define the boundaries and specificities of the professional relationship |
| | | before the beginning of the therapeutic process. |

| | To be aware of the relevance of strictly professional social networks. |
|-----------------------------|--|
| | To avoid online searches about the client. |
| 3. Informed consent | To ensure that it is written clearly and understandable. |
| | To include all the information expected in an in-person therapeutic process |
| | plus the specificities of remote-delivered psychological services (e.g., |
| | information about online privacy and confidentiality, technical requirements, |
| | social network policy, etc.) |
| 4. Information regarding | To inform the client about the privacy limits associated with an online |
| privacy and confidentiality | process and strategies that they can adopt. |
| | To evaluate the need and define a priori the roles of involvement of third |
| | parties. |
| | To develop a protocol for dealing with potential confidentiality breaches. |
| 5. Training | To actively seek formal training and education, and frequently evaluate their |
| | competencies. |
| | To sustain their practices in guidelines and updated scientific evidence. |
| | To attend regular supervision sessions. |
| 6. Therapeutic process | To respect and recognize personal and cultural specificities for strengthening |
| | the therapeutic relationship. |
| | To use language and means of communication that are adequate for each |
| | client. |
| | To maintain a professional look and therapeutic setting. |

| | | | To develop collaborations with local professionals. |
|------------------------|----|--------------------------|---|
| | | | To evaluate their own personal and professional well-being. |
| | | | To customize the process according to the client's needs and functioning |
| | | | profile. |
| | | | To ensure they have knowledge about the location of the client and the |
| | | | emergency contacts. |
| | | | To evaluate the connectivity and include regular assessment tools. |
| | | | To reflect on written communication and promote activities to increase the |
| | | | client's engagement. |
| | | | To evaluate eMental health apps as a complement to the process. |
| | 7. | Manage interruptions and | To define a clear plan to deal with potential technical problems (e.g., who |
| | | exits | contacts the other person in case of interruption). |
| | | | To schedule or remember the appointment closely. |
| | 8. | End of psychological | To schedule the next appointment at the end of the session. |
| | | services | To define the parameters and process to end both each session and the |
| | | | process. |
| | | | To acquire solid knowledge of local resources, to ensure a referral to |
| Risk Assessment | | | presential health services if needed. |
| and Management | | | To establish a security protocol considering the geographic distance of the |
| | | | closest health facility (e.g., include contact of a social support network |
| | | | |

| | 1 | member and local institutions, know the location of the client in each |
|------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| | 5 | session, risk assessment measures, etc.). |
| | | To include professionals with different characteristics in sessions where al |
| | 1 | participants are psychologists. |
| Supervision | | To seek supervision from professionals from different areas of knowledge |
| | S | such as IT technicians. |
| | , | To use a safe platform for sharing the information. |
| | | To maintain a connection between health, information and communication |
| | 1 | technologies, and economic contexts. |
| | | To use multidomain assessment protocols. |
| | | To fulfill the ethical, governmental, and organizational codes. |
| Descent and | | To use robust experimental methodologies, apply for funding to promote |
| Research and | | efficacy/effectiveness studies, and report all results. |
| Evaluation | | To be aware that a change in technology might demand the reassessment of |
| | 1 | the efficacy of that technology/program. |
| | | To include grey literature in the development of eMental Health Guideline |
| | , | To promote the users' involvement in product development and research |
| | 1 | programs. |
| Technical Skills | 1. Psychologist's technical and | To acquire competencies in dealing with technology to provide remote |
| rechnical Skills | technological knowledge | psychological services. |

| | To follow the constant technological evolution, scientific evidence, policies, |
|------------------------|--|
| | and guidelines. |
| | |
| | To be able to help their clients ensure their own safety and privacy, and to |
| | deal with potential obstacles. |
| 2. Therapeutic setting | To ensure that the space where the therapeutic process takes place enables |
| | the accommodation of one or more adults. |
| | To ensure adequate lighting, audio, visual, and technological conditions |
| | (e.g., sufficient to recognize facial expressions, acoustic isolation, and/or |
| | white noises outside the room; background of the conference clear and |
| | without distractions; external webcam and headphones; etc. |
| | To have knowledge of and implement security measures. |
| | To be able to disable or delete information remotely from technological |
| | devices that were lost or stolen. |
| | To be proficient in the use of various tools and characteristics (e.g., screen |
| | sharing, whiteboard, etc.). |
| | To develop a protocol to routinely perform risk assessments of technologica |
| | devices. |
| | To conduct a connectivity, visit to assess the overall quality of the internet |
| | connectivity of the client and/or to evaluate the adequacy of the therapeutic |
| | setting. |